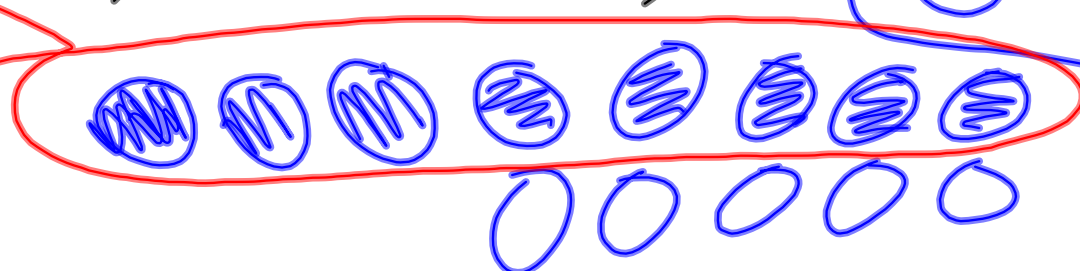
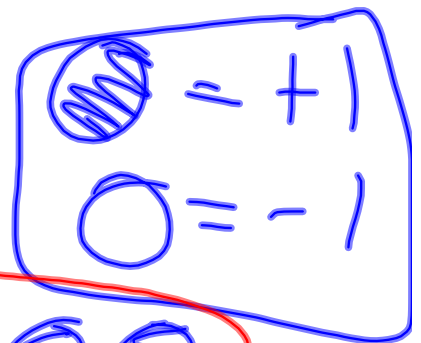


P.69  
2.b)  $(+3) - (+8)$



-5

$$\begin{array}{ccc} - & - & = + \\ + & + & = + \end{array}$$

$$( + 3 ) - ( + 2 )$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} - & + & = - \end{array}$$

$$+ 3 - 2 = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} + & - & = - \end{array}$$

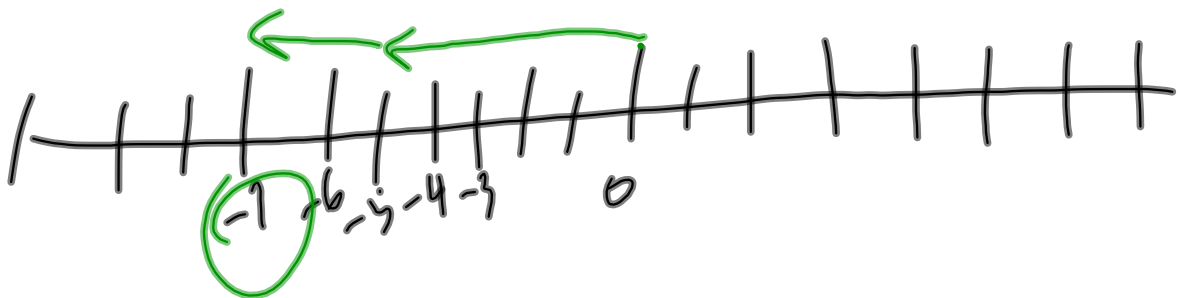
$$\begin{array}{ccc} ( + 3 ) - ( + 8 ) = & & \\ 3 - 8 = -5 & & \end{array}$$

p.73 Q 1 D

$$(-5) - (+2)$$

change a un question +

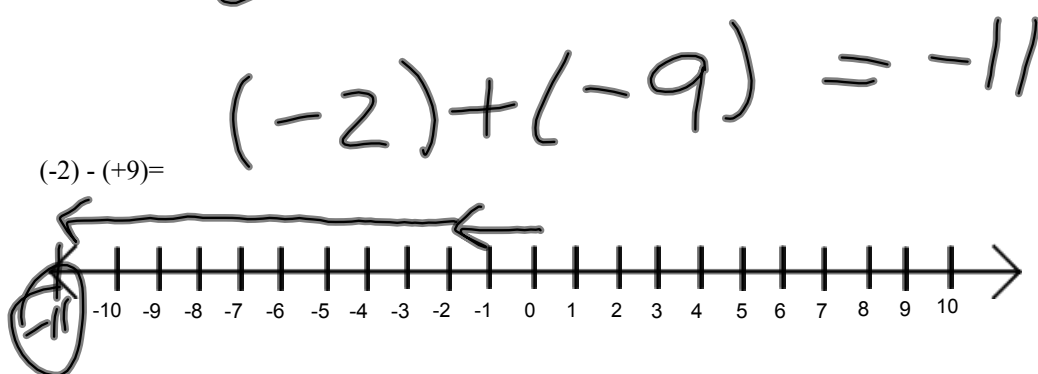
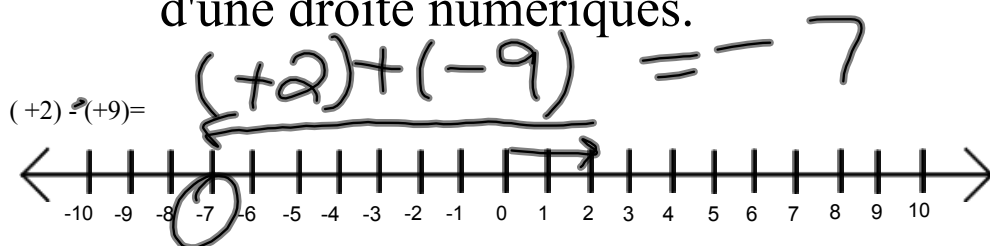
$$(-5) + (-2) = -7$$



méthode 2

$$\begin{aligned} &(-5) - (+2) \\ &-5 - 2 = -7 \end{aligned}$$

Soustraire des nombres entiers a l'aide  
d'une droite numériques.



$$5 - 3 =$$

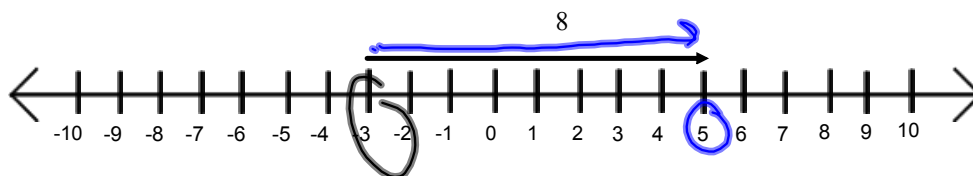
Que faut-il ajouter a 3 pour obtenir 5?

Il faut ajouter 2 a 3 pour obtenir 5.

$$\text{Donc } 5 - 3 = 2$$

$$(+5) - (-3) = 8$$

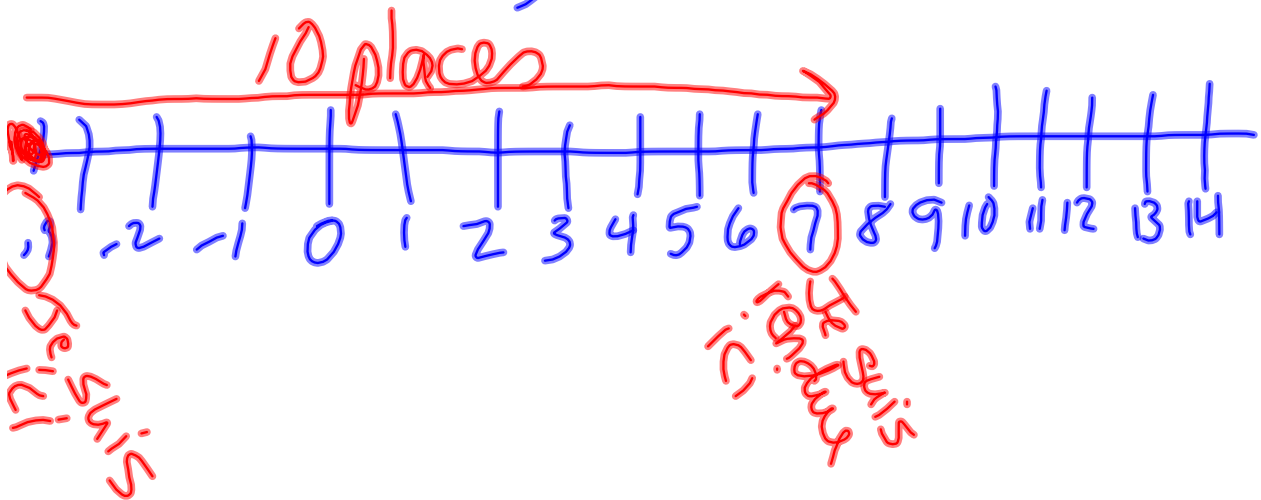
Que faut-il ajouter a -3 pour obtenir +5?



$$(+5) - (-3) = +8$$

3 B)

$$(+7) - (-3) = 10$$



p 73 Q1

p 74 Q3, 4 , 5, 6, 7, 12

